# Personally Speaking

# Reading

page 6

 emotion (n) / l'məʊ∫ən/ a feeling, e.g. happiness, fear, sadness • l can't describe my emotions when my dog died.
 > emotional (adj)

- **1.2** facial expression (n) /'feI∫l Iks'pre∫n/ what you are feeling or thinking shown on your face • You could tell he had heard good news from his happy facial expression.
- 1.3 body language (n) /'bødi 'læŋgwidʒ/ what you are feeling or thinking shown by the position of your body • Her body language showed she was confident: she stood up straight and held her head high.
- 1.4 communicate (v) /kəm'juːnɪkeɪt/ share information with sb ● *l communicate* with my sister by email. > communication (n), communicative (adj)
- **1.5** disgust (n) /dIs'g∧st/ a feeling that sth is unpleasant • She felt disgust when she saw the dirty food. >> disgust (v), disgusting, disgusted (adj)
- **1.6** anxiety (n) /æŋ'zaīəti/ a feeling of worry • *Try to control any anxiety you feel before exams.* ≻ anxious (adj)
- **1.7** guess (v) /ges / form an opinion without having full knowledge of a situation • *I* guessed she was angry as she didn't talk to me all afternoon. ➤ guess (n)
- **1.8 find out** (phr v) /faind aut/ discover • The neuroscientist wants to find out what happens in our brains when we experience fear.
- **1.9** spread (v) / spred/ reach a large number of people • Fear quickly spread in the bank when a man with a gun walked in. > spread (n) Shlso: rumours spread like wildfire

### Word Focus

### page 6

- 1.10 neuroscientist (n) /njʊərəʊ'saɪəntɪst/ a scientist who studies the brain and nervous system ● The neuroscientist gave a talk about how the brain works. ➤ neuroscience (n)
- **1.11 nervous system** (n) /'n3IVƏS 'SISTƏM/ all the nerves in your body • The nervous system allows the brain to send messages to the body so it can move.
- study (n) /'st∧di/ a particular piece of research • The neuroscience student read many studies on the nervous system.
   > study (v)

- 1.13 particular (adj) / pə'tīkjʊlə/ used to emphasise that you are talking about one thing; specific • *I remember what happened one* particular day; it was 2<sup>nd</sup> July. ➤ particularly (adv)
- 1.14 automatic (adj) /ɔːtə'mætɪk/
   done without thinking Breathing is an automatic
   function of the body.
   > automatically (adv)
- 1.15 instinctively (adv) /In'stInktIvli/
   (acting) without thinking The cat ran instinctively
   when it saw the angry dog.
   > instinct (n), instinctive (adj)
- 1.16 neutral (adj) /'njuːtrəl/ neither positive nor negative • He didn't take my side in the argument or hers. He remained neutral. >> neutrality (n), neutrally (adv)

#### **1.17** motor (adj) /'məʊtə/ relating to muscles, nerves and parts of the brain that control movement ● *Our motor skills develop slowly, so children take time to learn how to hold a pencil.*

### **1.18 muscle** (n) / mʌsl/

a part of body that holds bones together and makes them move • *The leg muscles of a track athlete are very strong.* ≻ muscular (adj)

#### 1.19 nerve (n) / n3:v/ a long fibre along which messages are sent from your brain to a part of your body or from a part of your body to your brain • *If you damage a nerve,* you might be paralysed.

#### **1.20** mechanism (n) /'mekənızəm/ an aspect of your behaviour which helps you deal with a situation • *Crying is an automatic* mechanism which happens when you feel sad.

#### **1.21 deal with** (phr v) /diːl wɪð/ recognise sth like an unpleasant emotion or a difficult situation and remain in control of yourself in spite of it • *He couldn't deal with the death of his mother and was depressed for a long time.*

# Reading

- pages 6–7
- 1.22 fearful (adj) /'fɪəfʊl/ showing or feeling fear • Her body language showed how fearful she was of dogs. ≻ fear (v, n)
- **1.23 posture** (n) /'ppst∫ə/ the way you stand • Dancers tend to have good posture and stand up straight.

#### 1.24 process (v) /'pr∂USES/ deal with sth in a systematic way • The brain processes information it receives so a person knows how to react. > process (n)

- **1.25** lead (to) (v) /liːd (tuː)/ cause • Too much fear can lead to a panic attack.
- **1.26** response (n) /rI'sppns/ a reaction ● A common response to danger is to run away fast. ➤ respond (v), responsive (adj)
- **1.27** visual (adj) /'VI3ʊəl/ relating to sight or things you can see ● Artists have a very good visual imagination. >> vision (n)
- 1.28 conscious (adj) / 'kpn∫əs/ aware • Your conscious mind is the part of your brain that you use to think. ➤ consciousness (n), consciously (adv) <sup>®</sup> Opp: unconscious
- **1.29** mind (n) /maind/ thoughts • Her mind told her not to be afraid of the dark, but her instincts said otherwise.
- 1.30 aware (of) (adj) / ∂'Wɛĭ (DV)/ knowing about sth • I'm aware it's late but I don't want to go to bed yet. > awareness (n)
- 1.31 concentrate (on) (v) /'kpnsəntreit (pn)/
  focus on sth The neuroscientist's study
  concentrates on how we deal with fear.
  > concentration (n)
- **1.32** react (v) /rI'ækt/ behave in a certain way towards sth or sb ● Police officers are trained to react calmly in dangerous situations. > reaction (n), reactionary (adj)
- **1.33** still (adj) / stɪl / not moving ● Don't move! Stay still!
- **1.34** image (n) /'ImIdʒ/ a picture; a photo • Some journalists take images of world events on their mobile phones.
- **1.35 carry out** (phr v) /'kæri aʊt/ do or complete sth • *Research is being carried out on how we react to frightening situations.*
- **1.36** prove (v) /pruIv/ show to be true • The scientists hope to prove that there is life on other planets. ≻ proof (n)
- **1.37** observer (n) / ∂b'z∂iv∂/ sb who watches or notices sth • A few observers saw the boy stealing the shoes from the shop.
   > observe (v)
- **1.38** still (n) /stIl/ a photograph taken from a film for publicity purposes • Look at these stills and tell me if you recognise any of the actors. ≻ still (adj)
- **1.39** participant (n) / paɪ'tɪsɪpənt/ sb who takes part ● The participants in the study had to look at stills of scared people.
   > participate (v), participation (n)
- **1.40** armed robber (n) / aImd 'rvbə/ sb who robs a person or place using a gun or other weapon ● *The armed robber shot the bank manager and ran off with the money.*
- **1.41 pour** (v) / pɔː/ put (liquid) in a cup or glass • *He poured me a cup of tea, but I was too shaken to hold the cup.*

- **1.42** region (n) /'riːdʒən/ area • She felt a sudden pain in the region of her stomach. ➤ regional (adj)
- 1.43 connected (to) (adj) /kə'nektīd (tuː)/ related to ● The way we react to films is often connected to the type of music we can hear. > connect (v), connection (n)
- 1.44 responsible (for) (adj) /rɪ'spɒnsəbl (fɔː)/ causing • The nervous system is responsible for transmitting messages from the brain to the body. ➤ responsibility (n)
- 1.45 activate (v) /'æktīveīt/ make sth start to work • Scary images activate the visual part of the brain and we then feel fear. ➤ activation (n), activated (adj) So Opp: deactivate
- **1.46** flock (n) / flpk/ a group of birds, sheep or goats ● A flock of birds flew inland to escape the dangerous storm at sea.
   > flock (v)
- 1.47 take off (phr v) / teik pf/ leave the ground ● Hundreds of birds took off and flew away when they heard the gunshot. > take-off (n)
- **1.48** extremely (adv) /Ik'striːmli/ very much ● 'It is extremely important to catch this dangerous armed robber,' said the police officer. > extreme (n, adj)
- 1.49 evolutionary (adj) /iːvə'luː∫ənri/ relating to gradual change • At some point in their evolutionary history, dolphins returned to the sea. >> evolve (v), evolution (n)
- **1.50** prey (n) / pre1/ an animal hunted by another • Mice are the prey of many large birds. ➤ prey (v)
- **1.51** fraction (n) /  $frack \int n / a$  very small amount In a fraction of a second, panic spread through the room.
- **1.52** evaluate (v) / I'væljʊeɪt/ judge • The bank manager evaluated the situation and called the police when she realised that someone had stolen the money. ➤ evaluation (n)
- **1.53 break out** (phr v) /breik aut/ start suddenly • *The building was totally destroyed by the fire that broke out.*
- **adopt** (v) /∂'dbpt/
   copy; start to use The child soon adopted the bad behaviour of his new classmates.
   > adoption (n)
- 1.55 rationalise (v) /'ræ∫ənəlaız/ think of reasons to justify or explain sth
   *He tried to rationalise his fears, but he failed.* > rational (adj), rationally (adv)
- 1.56 focus (on) (v) / 'f∂ʊk∂s (pn)/ concentrate on • In this study, we focus on the nervous system. > focus (n)

- **1.57 enable** (v) / In'eIbl/ allow to happen • These experiments enable scientists to learn more about the brain.
- 1.58 robotic (adj) / rəʊ'bɒtīk/ mechanical, functioning automatically

   In Japan, robotic companions are being created to help care for the elderly.
   > robot (n)
- **1.59** perceive (v) / p∂'siĭV/ see and understand • People and insects perceive their surroundings in different ways.
   ≻ perception (n), perceptive (adj)
- **1.60** respond (to) (v) /rI'sppnd (tuː)/ react; take action • He responded well to the bad news and remained calm. ➤ response (n)
- 1.61 express (v) / Iks'pres/ show what you think or feel ● She is rather shy and doesn't express her feelings well. > expression (n), expressive (adj)
- **1.62 speech** (n) / spirtf/ words; talking • Sign language is a form of speech without sound.

### Brain and body

body language facial expression mind muscle nerve nervous system posture speech

### Vocabulary

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- **1.63 be in agony** (expr) bi⊥/In 'ægəni/ be in a lot of pain • *He was in agony after breaking his arm*.
- **1.64 out of curiosity** (expr) /aʊt əv kjʊərɪ'ɒsəti/ from a desire to know • Out of curiosity, can I see a photo of your brother? ➤ curious (adj)
- 1.65 on the edge of (my) seat (expr) /pn ðiː edʒ əv (maɪ) siːt/ thrilled, very excited • I was on the edge of my seat at the end of the match when the score was still 1-1.
- **1.66** at a loss for words (expr) / æt ə løs fə w3:dz/ not knowing what to say • *I was at a loss for words* when I heard the bad news and couldn't speak.
- **1.67** with regret (expr) /wið ri'gret/ with sadness • It is with regret that I must announce I am no longer getting married.
- **1.68** announce (v) / ∂'naʊns / tell people sth publicly or officially ● The judges are going to announce the winner of the competition. >> announcer, announcement (n)
- 1.69 get under (my) skin (expr) /get '∧ndə (maɪ) skın/ annoy • That annoying kid at school really gets under my skin.

- **1.70** amazement (n) /ə'meizmənt/ great surprise • We watched John in amazement when he picked up the spider he was terrified of.
   > amaze (v), amazing, amazed (adj), amazingly (adv)
- 1.71 confidence (n) / 'kpnfidəns / belief in (your) abilities ● John has a lot of confidence and never feels unsure about himself.
   > confident (adj), confidently (adv)
- **1.72** fury (n) /'fjʊəri/ great anger • He was red with fury when he found out that his money had been stolen.
   > furious (adj), furiously (adv)
- joy (n) /dʒɔɪ/
   happiness She was filled with joy when she became a grandmother. >> joyful (adj)
- **1.74** misery (n) /'mɪzəri/ great sadness • Losing his dog caused him terrible misery. ≻ miserable (adj)

### **1.75** shame (n) /∫eIm/

an uncomfortable feeling of embarrassment • Sam felt full of shame when her friends found out she was a shoplifter. ➤ shameful, ashamed (adj)

**1.76** obvious (adj) /'bbvīəs/ easy to see or understand ● *It's obvious that he's lying! Look at his face!* > obviously (adv)

### **1.77 poverty** (n) /'povəti/ the state of being very poor • *There is so much*

poverty here that people cannot even buy food to eat. > poor (adj)

 1.78 experience (v) / Ik'spI∂ri∂ns/ feel or be affected by sth • He experienced a terrible feeling of panic when he got stuck in the lift.
 > experience (n)

#### 1.79 beloved (adj) / b1'l∧v1d / A beloved person or thing is sb or sth that you love a lot • Her beloved cat means everything to Nancy.

- **1.80 go missing** (expr) / gəʊ 'mɪsɪŋ/ disappear ● The police are looking for an elderly woman who went missing yesterday evening.
- **1.81** overcome (adj) / ∂ʊvə'k∧m/ be unable to think clearly • *They were overcome with joy when they won the lottery.*
- 1.82 cheat (v) /tʃiːt/ behave dishonestly to gain an advantage in an exam, competition, etc • He passed the exam because he cheated. ➤ cheat (n)
- **1.83** affect (v) /ə'fekt/ make a change to sb/sth • If somebody starts crying, it affects Sharon and she starts to cry too.
- effect (n) / I'fekt/ the change that one thing has on sth else
   Phobias can have a bad effect on your social life.
   ≻ effective (adj), effectively (adv)
- **1.85** alone (adv) /∂'l∂∪n/ on your own • She went to the cinema alone because all her friends were busy.

- **1.86 lonely** (adj) /'ləʊnli/ unhappy because you are alone • *He felt lonely after his wife left him.* > loneliness (n)
- **1.87 convey** (v) / kən'veɪ/ communicate feelings or information • *He conveyed his best wishes to the happy couple by email.*
- **1.88 fright** (n) /'fraɪt/ a strong feeling of fear • *I got a fright when Ted jumped out from behind the door.* ➤ frighten (v), frightening, frightened (adj)
- **1.89** experience (n) / Ik'spiəriəns/ a particular event, feeling, etc that sb has had • My last holiday was the best experience of my life. ➤ experience (v)
- 1.90 award (n) /ə'wɔːrd/ sth you give to sb to reward them for sth they have done • He won an award for best actor in a play. >> award (v)
- 1.91 proud (adj) / praʊd/
  pleased with yourself or sb else We were proud
  when our son passed all his exams.
  >> pride (n), proudly (adv)
- 1.92 optimism (n) /'pptImIZM/ hopefulness; the tendency to expect the best to happen ● Your optimism makes everyone feel positive too. ➤ optimistic (adj) Southeast Opp: pessimism
- **1.93** enthusiasm (n) /In'θjuːziæzm/ great interest • *The boy's enthusiasm for football* meant that he trained every day. >> enthusiastic (adj), enthusiastically (adv)
- 1.94 slam (v) / slæm/
  close loudly Don't slam the door. Close it
  quietly! >> slam (n)
- **annoy** (v) /∂'n⊃I/ make angry ● Her younger brother always tried to annoy her by putting spiders in her bed.
   > annoyance (n), annoying, annoyed (adj), annoyingly (adv)
- 1.96 eager (adj) /'iIg∂/ keen; willing • She was eager to do well, so she worked very hard. >> eagerness (n), eagerly (adv)

#### **Adjective endings**

<b>-ed</b>	<b>-ous</b>
armed	anxious
beloved	disastrous
disappointed	- <b>ble</b>
terrified	terrible
-al	uncontrollable
cultural facial irrational neutral visual	- <b>ic</b> automatic robotic specific

# Grammar

### page 9

- 1.97 left-handed (adj) / left-'hændɪd/ using your left hand to write ● I'm left-handed and can't write at all with my right hand.
   >> left-handedness (n) So Opp: right-handed
- **1.98 trait** (n) /treɪt/ a quality, good or bad, in sb's character • *Personality traits such as optimism tend to run in families*.
- **pass on** (phr v) /pais bn/
   to go from one generation to another She passed on her blue eyes to two of her children.
   Syn: pass down
- **1.100** gene (n) /dʒiːn/ a part of a chromosome which contains genetic information • *The colour of your eyes and hair is* determined by your genes.
- **1.101 tend (to)** (v) / tend tuː/ often do a particular thing • *People who are creative tend to become artists, writers, actors or musicians.* > tendency (n)
- **1.102** occur (v) / ∂'k3ĭ / happen • What time did the accident occur? > occurrence (n)
- 1.103 stressed (adj) / strest/ so worried that you cannot relax • I got stressed in the heavy traffic as I knew I would be late for work. > stress (v, n), stressful (adj)
- **1.104** cliff (n) /klif/ a high area of land next to the sea • There are high cliffs on the island of Santorini.

# Listening

### page 10

- **1.105 freak out** (phr v) /friĭk aʊt/ suddenly feel shocked; become angry ● Dad freaked out when I crashed his car.
- **1.106** weird (adj) /wI∂d/ very strange • It's weird that Ken knew about the party because I didn't tell him. >> weirdly (adv)
- **1.107 turn up** (phr v) /t3In Ap/ come; appear • To my surprise, my friends turned up at the airport to say goodbye.
- **1.108** cheer up (phr v) /tʃ Iər Ap/ feel better • She cheered up when she heard that she hadn't done badly in the test.
- **1.109** terrified (adj) /'terifaid/ very frightened • *He won't swim in the sea because he's terrified of sharks.* ≻ terrify (v), terrifying (adj)
- 1.110 disappointed (adj) / dIsə'pɔIntId/ sad because sth you expected did not happen ● I felt disappointed because I wasn't invited to the party. >> disappoint (v), disappointment (n)
- 1.111 absence (n) /'æbsəns/ being away from a place ● She's got loads of absences from school, so she might have to repeat the class. ➤ absent (adj)

- 1.112 inability (n) /Inə'bIləti/ being unable to do sth ● He regretted his inability to speak German when he went to Frankfurt. So Opp: ability
- 1.113 poor (adj) /pɔː/
  bad Since you stopped studying, your grades
  have become poor. ➤ poorly (adj)
- 1.114 severe (adj) /SI'VI∂/ very bad; serious • She has a severe phobia of open spaces and never leaves the house. > severity (n)
- 1.115 extreme (adj) / Ik'striIm/ very great in degree or intensity; more severe or unusual than you would expect • We have had extreme weather recently, with freezing temperatures. ➤ extremely (adv)
- 1.116 irrational (adj) / I'ræ∫ənl/ not based on reason ● Jumping out the window was an irrational reaction to the small fire.
   >> irrationality (n), irrationally (adv) ♥ Opp: rational
- 1.117 anxious (adj) /'æŋk∫əs/ nervous or worried • She felt anxious before her driving lesson, but in the end there was nothing to worry about. ➤ anxiety (n), anxiously (adv)
- 1.118 over-rated (adj) / ∂Ūv∂-'reItId / reported to be better than it actually is
   Everyone said that the book is good, but I thought it was over-rated and didn't like it at all.
   > over-rate (v)
- 1.119 lack (of) (n) / læk (v)/ not having any or enough ● She refused to lend Jack her car as she had a lack of confidence in his driving abilities. ➤ lack (v)
- 1.120 overhear (v) / ∂UV∂'hI∂/ hear without sb knowing you are listening
  He overheard his teacher and the headmaster talking about his grades.

## Grammar

**1.121 sore** (adj) / SDI / painful • I've got a sore throat and a headache.

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- **1.122** pale (adj) /peil/ lacking colour • She was tired and looked pale.
- 1.123 explode (v) / Ik'spləʊd/ burst with great violence • When the bomb exploded, it destroyed the house. ➤ explosion (n), explosive (adj)
- 1.124 downtown (adj) /'daʊntaʊn/ situated in the central part of a city • *They took a taxi to downtown Chicago.* ≻ downtown (n, adv)
- 1.125 down (adj) /daʊn/ depressed; very sad • The constant rain made me feel down.
- 1.126 starving (adj) /'staːvɪŋ/
  very hungry I'm starving. What's for supper?
  > starve (v), starvation (n)

### Phrasal verbs

cheer up chicken out find out freak out get away

### pass on take off turn up

## Use your English page 13

- **1.127 bottle up** (phr v) /'botl ^p/ not express your feelings • Harry bottled up his feelings so nobody knew how sad he was.
- **1.128 burst into** (phr v) / b3Ist 'IntuI/ show sudden emotion • *Little Mary burst into tears when she fell over.*
- 1.129 calm down (phr v) /ka:m daun/ stop being angry or excited • Stop shouting and try to calm down.
- 1.130 chicken out (phr v) / 'tʃIkIn aʊt / be too scared to do sth ● He wanted to ask her on a date, but chickened out when he saw her talking to another boy.
- 1.131 Ioneliness (n) /'ləʊnlinəs/ a feeling of sadness because you are alone ● The old lady had no family and suffered from loneliness.
   > lonely (adj)
- 1.132 depression (n) /dɪ'pre∫n/ a serious feeling of sadness • People who suffer from depression feel very low and they need medical treatment. ➤ depress (v), depressed, depressing (adj)
- **1.133** specific (adj) / spə'sıfık / particular • The scientist gave his assistant specific instructions. ➤ specify (v), specifically (adv)
- **1.134** acrophobia (n) /ækrə'fəʊbiə/ fear of heights • He suffers from acrophobia, so he cannot go near the edge of the balcony.
   > acrophobic (adj)
- 1.135 claustrophobia (n) /kløstrə'fəʊbiə/ fear of closed-in places ● I won't take the lift as I have claustrophobia and I panic in small spaces. >> claustrophobic (adj)
- 1.136 excessive (adj) / Ik'sesīv/ more than is reasonable ● An excessive fear of crowds means he cannot go to the town centre. > excess (n), excessively (adv)
- 1.137 disastrous (adj) / dī'zaīstrəs/ having very bad consequences
   The storm was disastrous and destroyed all the farmers' crops. ➤ disaster (n), disastrously (adv)
- 1.138 involve (v) / In'vplv/ be a necessary part or consequence of sth
   Getting over a phobia often involves facing the thing you fear. ➤ involvement (n)

- 1.139 rapid (adj) /'ræpɪd/
  quick The athlete has very rapid reactions.
  > rapidity (n), rapidly (adv)
- 1.140 breathe (v) / briːð/ take in and let out air from your lungs
  We couldn't breathe as there was so much dust in the air. ➤ breath (n)
- 1.141 uncontrollable (adj) /∧nkən'trəʊləbl/ If sth is uncontrollable, you cannot control it.
   Panic is an uncontrollable feeling of great fear.
   >> uncontrollably (adv) So Opp: controllable
- **1.142** desire (n) /dI'Z∧I∂/ a wish; a need • She looked so funny that I had a strong desire to laugh. >> desirable (adj), desire (v)
- **1.143 get away** (phr v) /get ə'weɪ/ escape • The armed robber got away from the police in a fast car.
- 1.144 treat (v) /tri⊥t/ give medical care; try to cure or heal sth or sb ● Doctors can treat depression with drugs. >> treatment (n)
- 1.145 cope (with) (v) / kəʊp (wið)/ deal with something difficult successfully
  It's difficult to cope with twins when they are babies.

# Writing: an informal letter / email pages 14-15

- **1.146** inappropriate (adj) / Inə'prəʊpriət/ not suitable ● *T*-shirts and jeans are inappropriate clothes for a job interview. ➤ inappropriately (adv) Sopp: appropriate
- **1.147 hilarious** (adj) /hI'lεĭrīəs/ very funny ● *She tells hilarious jokes*.
- 1.148 chatty (adj) /'t∫ati/ having a friendly, informal style • *l* wrote my grandparents a long, chatty email with all our news.
   > chat (n, v)
- 1.149 attend (v) / θ'tεnd/ be present at an event ● How many people attended your cousin's wedding? ➤ attendance (n)
- **1.150** recommend (v) / rekə'mend/ suggest • *I* recommend that you take up a sport in order to keep fit. ≻ recommendation (n)
- **1.152** plus (prep) / pl∧s / as well as; and also • *I really like Alan. He's very* good-looking. Plus, he's clever and kind.
- **1.153 distinct** (adj) /dɪ'stɪŋkt/ clearly different ● *He spoke with a distinct American accent.* ➤ distinctly (adv) <sup>©</sup> Opp: indistinct

### **1.154** achieve (v) $/ \partial' t \int i r v / dr$

succeed in doing sth ● She achieved her success because of her hard work and talent. ➤ achievement (n), achievable (adv)

# Video: A Chinese Artist in Harlem page 16

### 1.155 custom (n) /'k∧stəm/ tradition • Cooking lamb on a spit at Easter is a Greek custom that goes back many centuries. > customary (adj)

- **1.156 portrait** (n) /'pɔːtrɪt/ a painting or photograph of a person • *The artist*
- painted a beautiful portrait of my mother.
   1.157 cultural ambassador (n) /'kʌltʃərəl æm'bæsədə/ sb who promotes the culture of a particular place • Georgios Dalaras is a respected cultural ambassador of Greek music.

#### 1.158 immigrant (n) /'ImIgrant/ sb who comes to live in a country from a different one ● Many immigrants from Europe went to Australia to start new lives in the 1950s. > immigrate (v), immigration (n)

- 1.159 multicultural (adj) / mʌlti'kʌltʃərəl/ with many people of different cultures
  New York is a multicultural city with people from all over the world.
- **1.160 landscape** (n) /'lændskeɪp/ a picture of the countryside • Can you please paint a landscape of my garden?
- 1.161 run (v) /rAn/ be in charge of a business, etc • They run a bakery in the centre of town.
- **1.162 background** (n) /'bakgraʊnd/ a person's family, culture, education, etc ● She came from a poor working-class background.
- 1.163 benefit (v) /'benIfIt/ be helped by sth; help sb ● The English course benefits immigrants to the UK who don't speak the language. >> benefit (n), beneficial (adj)
- 1.164 cosmopolitan (adj) / kvzmə'pvlītən / with many people from different places and of different cultures • Many large European cities are cosmopolitan places with people from all over the world.
- ethnicity (n) /eθ'nIsIti/ membership of a particular group of people who have common characteristics • She was born in Africa and she says her ethnicity was important to her.
   > ethnic (adj)

# 1.166 introduce (v) /Intrə'djuIs/ cause sb to experience sth for the first time Television introduced many people to images of other parts of the world. ➤ introduction (n)

- **1.167** practise (v) / 'præktIs / do an activity • She's a doctor and has been practising medicine for 20 years.
- **1.168 community** (n) / kə'mjuːnəti/ the people living in an area • We live in a friendly community where people help each other out.
- **1.169** make a living (expr) / meɪk ə 'lɪvɪŋ/ work and earn money ● *He makes a living as a doctor.*
- **1.170 field** (n) /fiːld/ an area in which you work or study • *My field is neuroscience and I study how people experience fear.*

- 1.171 train (v) /trein/ teach ● I have trained my dog to bring me the newspaper! >> training, trainer (n)
- **1.173 regard** (v) / rɪ'gaɪd/ consider • He regards Einstein as the greatest physicist of the last century.
- **1.174 beyond** (prep) / bɪ'jɒnd/ on the further side of sth ● *The explorer wanted to explore the area beyond the mountains.*
- 1.175 culture (n) /'k∧lt∫ə/ the beliefs and arts of a civilisation
  You should buy a book about the culture of the country you are going to visit. > cultural (adj)